







**United Way of Anchorage** 

## ANCHORAGE MAT-SU PAY FOR SUCCESS PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PROJECT

AUGUST 2018

Presentation to the Alaska Mental Health Trust Authority Board of Trustees

## HOMELESSNESS AMONG THE MOST VULNERABLE IS PARTICULARLY CHALLENGING—AND PARTICULARLY EXPENSIVE



1. Anchorage HMIS, 2018 Point-in-Time Count. 2. Agnew::Beck, "Pay for Success Feasibility Study," May 2018. The target population includes individuals with 2+ releases from 9/2014-9/2017, and at least 1 within the most recent year; 3+ encounters with homeless services 1/2015-1/2018; and an estimated Vulnerability Index – Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (Vi-SPDAT) of 9 or above. 3. Ibid.

## PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING (PSH) IS AN EVIDENCE-BASED APPROACH TO ADDRESSING CHRONIC HOMELESSNESS

- Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) combines housing and services designed for people with serious mental illness and disabilities<sup>1</sup>
- A significant body of evidence suggests PSH promotes long-term housing stability, improved physical and behavioral health outcomes, and reduced use of crisis services
- The estimated reduced utilization of homeless services. prisons, and medical services makes PSH a cost effective approach for outcome payors<sup>2</sup>



\$25,314

#### Estimated cost with permanent supportive housing (per person, per year)<sup>3</sup> **Emergency Services** Department of Corrections Medical system Total (less PSH)

\$2.895 Includes police, fire, Anchorage Safety Center -48% utilization

\$2.678 Includes cost of prison/recidivism

#### \$19,735 Includes emergency, inpatient, outpatient services

#### -41% utilization

-68% utilization + \$22,696 Cost of PSH \$48,010 **Total Costs** 

1. "Implementing Housing First in Permanent Supportive Housing," United States Interagency Council on Homelessness, SAMSHA. Services include case management, substance use/mental health counseling, advocacy, and assistance locating and maintaining employment. 2. Agnew::Beck, May 2018. PSH cost is based on single site, non-tribal provider (RurAL CAP). Costs will fluctuate depending on the type of provider, and key inputs including rental assistance and the Medicaid billing rate. 3. Ibid. Social Finance, Inc. © 2018 Confidential

## TO OVERCOME THE DISPERSED BENEFITS OF PSH, PAY FOR SUCCESS (PFS) OFFERS A MECHANISM TO POOL FUNDING AND TRANSFER RISK



What is Pay for Success (PFS)? PFS is a contracting and financing mechanism that helps governments and/or private entities to link payment

Why Pay for Success (PFS)?

and performance.

Instead of buying expensive services upfront, PFS allows governments to pay only if programs successfully deliver predetermined outcomes aligned with their policy goals.

**Performance risk is transferred** *away* from governments to private funders, who cover the upfront costs of service delivery while performance is measured and outcome payments are determined. CASE STUDY: AUSTIN/TRAVIS COUNTY PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PAY FOR SUCCESS PROJECT



#### **Project parameters**

| Geography                    | Austin/Travis County   |
|------------------------------|--|
| Project term                 | ~5 years (2019-2023)   |
| Target<br>population         | Persons experiencing chronic<br>homelessness who represent the most<br>frequent utilizers of the healthcare and<br>criminal justice systems  |
| Intervention                 | PSH with Modified Assertive<br>Community Treatment   |
| Number<br>served             | 200-250 units  |
| Payment<br>metrics           | Housing stability, healthcare utilization<br>(e.g., emergency department visits and<br>hospitalizations), & criminal justice<br>utilization (e.g., jail bookings and<br>days) <sup>1</sup> |
| Total<br>outcome<br>payments | ~\$15-16M  |
| Evaluation                   | TBD  |

#### Timeline

| 2( | 016 | Corporation for Supportive Housing (CSH) completed feasibility study   |        |
|----|-----|--|--------|
|    |     | Awarded HUD/DOJ grant  |        |
| 2( | 018 | Launched 24-unit pilot to build provider<br>capacity and refine operations   |        |
|    |     | Spring: Secured outcome funding<br>commitments from City of Austin, Travis<br>County, Central Health, Community Care<br>Collaborative, & Episcopal Health Foundatio<br>Initiated evaluator selection process | n²     |
|    |     | <i>Summer:</i> Complete program design, draft contract, set evaluation plan, determine payment schedule  | PROPOS |
|    |     | <i>Fall:</i> Execute PFS Agreement, capital raise  | OSED   |
| 2  | 019 | Launch services  | -      |

1. Criminal justice may be tracked as only a learning metric

2. Subject to board approval





## **Project Partners - Proposed**

- Payors: Municipality of Anchorage, Department of Corrections, local hospital systems, HUD/DOJ
- **Funders:** Rasmuson Foundation, other local and national funders
- Service providers: To be determined
- Intermediary: United Way of Anchorage
- Technical assistance: Agnew::Beck, Social Finance, Corporation for Supportive Housing

# PROJECT TIMELINE HUD/DOJ grant awarded December 2016

| Phase 0             |
|---------------------|
| Project Development |

2017-2018

Pay for Success feasibility study

PSH capacity-building

PFS transaction structuring

- Project design
- Evaluation
- Legal and contracting
- Economic model
- · Financing and capital raise
- Operations planning

Results: Executed PFS Agreement and completed capital raise

Begin 12-unit PSH pilot

Phase 1 PFS PSH Expansion

2019-2022

Year 1: +78 PSH units (90 total) Year 2: +90 PSH units (180 total) Year 3: +90 PSH units (270 total) Year 4: Continue services, measure outcomes

Year 1: Philanthropic funding kickstarts PSH

Years 2-4: PFS Funding Mechanism

- Funders provide upfront capital for PSH expansion and services
- Outcome payors commit money to an outcome fund, make payments based on outcomes achieved

#### Phase 2 Sustainable PSH

### 2023 and beyond

Outcomes payors will sustain the 270 PSH units in Phase 3 to the extent that this intervention is successful in producing desired outcomes